

Table 2. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) of family engagement by race

Race	Mean Family Engagement	F-value
Black or African American	7.2	1.1
White or Caucasian (includes Latino/Hispanic)	6.7	
All else	8.1	

Note: $p < .05^*$, $p < .01^{**}$, $p < .001^{***}$

The dependent variable for this ANOVA was family engagement. This was asked on a 0-10 scale. The independent variable for this ANOVA was race. Originally, respondents chose either, “White or Caucasian (includes Latino/Hispanic)”, “Black or African American”, “American Indian/Native American or Alaska Native”, “Asian”, “Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander”, “Other”, or “Prefer not to say”. Race was recoded into three groups to run this ANOVA. The new categories for race are “Black or African American”, “White or Caucasian (includes Latino/Hispanic)”, and “All else”. The mean engagement for each group is as follows: “Black or African American” was 7.2 out of 10, “White or Caucasian (includes Latino/Hispanic)” was 6.7 out of 10, and the mean engagement for participants who were grouped into the “All else” category was 8.1 out of 10. According to the ANOVA results ($F=1.1$) there is not a significant difference between these means. Therefore, race does not influence family engagement.