THE REPUBLIC OF EL SALVADOR

COME FOR THE FOOD!



STAY FOR THE SCENERY!

HISTORY

EL SALVADOR WAS THE HOME OF MANY INDIGENOUS GROUPS BUT WAS COLONIZED BY SPAIN IN 1524. THE COUNTRY GAINED INDEPENDENCE IN 1821 AND BECAME A REPUBLIC IN 1841.



DEMOGRAPHICS

EL SALVADOR'S POPULATION IS 6.1 MILLION. 83% OF PEOPLE ARE OF MIXED NATIVE AND EUROPEAN DESCENT. AROUND 77% OF THE POP. IS CHRISTIAN. THE OFFICIAL LANGUAGE IS SPANISH.

GOVERNMENT

EL SALVADOR IS A DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC WITH A PRESIDENT AND A
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. THE
PRESIDENT AND VP ARE DIRECTLY
ELECTED BY POPULAR VOTE FOR A
SINGLE FIVE-YEAR TERM.





ENVIRONMENT

THERE ARE MANY VOLCANOES, BLACK SAND BEACHES, AND TROPICAL RAINFORESTS THAT ARE HOME TO BEAUTIFUL WILDLIFE. THE NATIONAL ANIMAL IS THE MOTMOT, A SMALL BRIGHTLY COLORED BIRD.

CULTURE

THE CULTURE IS VERY INFLUENCED
BY THE NATIVE PEOPLE. FOOD IS VERY
IMPORTANT. PAPUSAS ARE A
TRADITIONAL FOOD. THE CULTURE IS
FAMILY ORIENTED, WITH A STRONG
EMPHASIS ON TRADITION.

